

TABLE OF CONTENT

1.0 INTRODUCTION	3
1.1 MAIN FEATURES	3
1.2 Start to Manage This Switch	5
2.0 WEB MANAGEMENT	6
2.1 CONFIGURATIONS	7
2.1.1.1 System information	7
2.1.1.2 DHCP	8
2.1.1.3 RELOCATE HTTP PORT NUMBER	8
2.1.1.4 TAG VLAN MANAGEMENT GROUP (CPU PORT)	8
2.1.2 Ports	9
2.1.3 Port-based VLAN	10
2.1.4 TAG-BASED VLAN	12
2.1.5 Port Trunking	14
2.1.6 Port Mirroring	15
2.1.7 QUALITY OF SERVICE	16
2.1.8 STORM CONTROL	17
2.1.9 LACP	
2.1.10 RSTP	20
2.1.11 IGMP	22
2.1.12 802.1x	23
2.1.13 POE STATUS AND COMMAND OPERATION	24
2.2 MONITORING	25
2.2.1. PORT STATISTICS	25
2.2.2 DETAILED PORT STATISTIC	26
2.2.3 LACP STATUS	27
2.2.4 RSTP STATUS	
2.2.5 IGMP STATUS	29
2.2.5 PING	29
2.3 MAINTENANCE	
2.3.1 WARM REBOOT	
2.3.2 FACTORY DEFAULT	
2.3.3 FIRMWARE UPDATE	
2.3.4 CONFIG FILE	
3.0 TERMINAL MODE MANAGEMENT	



1.0 Introduction

TPE-80WS Web Smart PoE Switch is a high performance web-smart switch that provides up to 8 10/100/1000Mbps copper Ethernet ports, this device provides a great flexibility for nowadays variety of network application but at lower cost. User doesn't have to learn many sophisticated management function which are usually shown in SNMP switch but just to learn some simple or common control or setting function through either out-of-band RS232 port or Ethernet port, however, some new, advanced and important function such as Tag-VLAN, Trunking, RSTP and IGMP are also supported same as SNMP switch, this means, user doesn't have to pay high cost as tradition layer 2 SNMP switch does while he still can get advanced or common function to meet requirement of general network application. This makes it very suitable for small or medium size company to build up simple network at beginning phase with lower cost. Besides, a optional long-ear accessory also makes it possible to operate in the rack mount environment.

Non-blocking and maximum wire speed performance are designed on all switched ports, it not only supports auto-negotiation but also AUTO-MDIX function on all switched 8 10/100/1000M RJ-45 Gigabit copper ports no matter running with half or full duplex mode, these function make user easy to use and reduce the matching effort between straight and cross-over line issues.

TPE-80WS Web Smart PoE Switch supports both port-based and 802.1Q (tag-based) VLAN to catch-up the application needed in incoming VLAN age. To increase bandwidth application, it supports up to 4 trunk groups with maximum 8 ports on one Trunk, moreover, these trunk ports are with fair-over function to provide redundant back-up when one or some of trunk ports malfunction. Moreover, to reduced convergent time of STP protocol, Rapid STP (RSTP) is supported, to support multicast application IGMP is also supported.

Fully LED status display ease user's installation, a reset button is also provided to make user easy to go back to default setting.

1.1 Main Features

This switch provides the following main features:

- Non-blocking, full-line speed, store-and-forward
- Support jumbo frame, Max. packet length 9600 bytes
- Auto-Negotiation and Auto-MDIX on all 10/100/1000M copper ports
- Up to 8 10/100/1000 RJ-45 copper ports
- 144K byte packet buffer, 8K MAC entries
- Support port-based VLAN and tag-based (802.1Q) VLAN
- Support RSTP, IGMP, DHCP
- Support "relocate port number" to " http operation "

- Port trunk with fail-over capability
- Support flow control for both full/half duplex operations
- Support Multicast storm, Broadcast Storm control as well as Flooding Control
- Support port mirroring
- LED display for each port to show link and activity status
- Desktop and optional Rack mountable kit
- Reset to default " push button " and field code upgradeable

1.2 Start to Manage This Switch

Either way user may start to manage this switch, web mode through Ethernet port or terminal mode through RS232 port.

1,2,1 Web mode default setting are:

Default IP Address: 192.168.223.100 Default IP mask: 255.255.255.0 Default gateway: 192.168.223.254 Default Password: admin

1.2.2 Terminal mode default setting are: baud rate: 115,200, attribute: 8, None, 1, None Terminal mode operation: (password: admin)

Once terminal is connected, the basic operation rule are shown below

Press "?" to find root operation page, then choose command by typing little alphabets

After enter command page, Press "?" to find command parameters and format, and type " command ?" to get explanation.

Type " up " or " / " to go back to previous page

2.0 Web management

After login is successfully validated, the switch's home page will show up. The left part on the page provides the *function menus*, while the right part provides the individual configuration value or system parameters value. Functions are divided into three categories, they are **Configuration, Monitoring and Maintenance;** all functions are shown briefly below

Configuration

- System system values, such as H/W, F/W version, IP, IP mask, MAC address...etc
- **Ports** port status and configure port parameters
- **Port-based VLAN** to setup the port-based VLAN
- **Tag-based VLAN** to configure the tag-based VLAN
- **Port Trunking** to build up the trunk function
- **Port Mirroring** to setup the port mirroring function
- **Quality of Service** to configure the Quality of Service function
- **Storm Control** to set all kinds of storm limit
- LACP to set LACP parameter
- **RSTP** to set RSTP parameter
- **IGMP** to set IGMP parameter
- **802.1X** to set 802.1X parameter

Monitoring:

- **Port Statistics** to statistic traffic on each ports
- Detailed Port Statistics to statistic more detailed traffic on each ports
- LACP status to show LACP status
- **RSTP status** to show **RSTP** status
- **IGMP status** to show IGMP status
- **Reset** to reboot the switch with/without writing default configurations
- **Ping** provide ping function and ping result

Maintenance

- Warm Reboot to restart system
- Factory Default to get parameter value back to factory default
- Firm Upgrade to upgrade code
- **Config File** to backup configuration data
- Logout to logout

2.1 Configurations

2.1.1.1 System information

The system diagram shows every common system information, they are H/W, F/W version, MAC address, IP address, subnet mask, IP gateway, default VLAN value of management port, name, password, timeout value, and SNMP communities...etc. Once user finish the setting, he must press the "Apply " button to execute all his setting, and whenever he needs, he may press the "Refresh" button to get updated status of system information.

Model Name	8G_PoE_Smart					
MAC Address	00-0a-17-02-14-ec					
F/W Version	2.0					
H/W Version	1.0					
DHCP Enabled						
IP Address	192.168.223.110					
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0					
Gateway	0.0.0.0					
HTTP Listening Port Number	80 (1024 - 65535)					
Tag VLAN Management Group	1					
Name						
Password						
Inactivity Timeout (secs)	0					
SNMP enabled						
SNMP Trap destination	0.0.0.0					
SNMP Read Community	public					
SNMP Write Community	private					
SNMP Trap Community	public					

System Configuration

Refresh Apply

2.1.1.2 DHCP

The default DHCP is off, so Default IP or user defined IP is used when this machine is turning-ON, but if this switch needs an IP assigned from DHCP server, user may click the square field and then press "Apply " to get an IP which will be assigned by DCHP server ". User must be aware that if he enable DHCP from web page, and if the DHCP server is working, then after enable DHCP, he will lose contact of web page, because the IP address has been changed.

2.1.1.3 relocate HTTP port number

The default port number of **HTTP command** is 80, but unauthorized user may intrude this switch if he knows the IP of this switch, network manager may relocate this port number to other value, from 1024 to 65535, the same idea as above, once network manager change the value of HTTP's port number, he will lost contact and he must regain web page by command modified as below:

http://192.168.223.100:port_value

2.1.1.4 Tag VLAN management group (CPU port)

At first time you turn on this device, all ports belong to default VLAN ID group (VID=1), so they can communicate to each other, and hence any port can be used as web management port to talk with CPU port inside, but, for example, assume user uses port 1 as web management port, then user create VLAN ID=10 on port 7,8 and create another VLAN ID = 20 on port 5,6, now 3 VLAN groups will be shown on VALN group table after he press "Apply " button. If VLAN 10 and VLAN ID 20 must be isolated, then user must delete member port 5,6,7,8 in default VLAN group(VID = 1). Be aware that CPU port is still remain on VID=1 group now, user can only perform web management through one of 4 ports, that is port 1,2,3,4, but if user want to perform web management from other port in **existing** different VLAN group, for example port 8 in VID =10, then at this moment, he must go to system configuration page, and select **Tag VLAN Management** Group to 10, then, press " Apply " command, then move RJ-45 (web management port) from port 1 to port 8, then user can perform web management from new RJ-45 port again. But if user forget what group that CPU belongs to, there are two ways to solve this condition below.

(1) Through console port, change VLAN ID of CPU port if he gets password, or

- (2) Press "Reset" button few seconds, let system return to default settings, that is,
- ---- >> IP address=192.168.223.100; ... VID=1, all settings return to factory default

2.1.2 Ports

Port status page always shows current port status of all 8 ports. User can set link mode, enable or disable flow control and jumbo frame, however, be noticed that the jumbo frame is global setting, it can't be set on individual port but on all ports at a time. A default diagram is shown below,

Port	Link Status	Link Mode	Flow Control
1	100FDX	Auto Speed 🔫	
2	Down	Auto Speed 🔫	
3	Down	Auto Speed 🔫	
4	Down	Auto Speed 🚽	
5	Down	Auto Speed 🚽	
6	Down	Auto Speed 🚽	
7	Down	Auto Speed 🚽	
8	Down	Auto Speed 🖵	

Port Configuration

Enable Jumbo Frames	

Refre<u>s</u>h

Choose and click the ports you want to set, for example, choose port 1, and set port 1 Flow Control enable, then press "Apply", after execution, diagram will shown below

Apply

	i ort oorniguration										
Port	Link Status	Link Mode	Flow Control								
1	100FDX	Auto Speed 🔫									
2	Down	Auto Speed 🚽									
3	Down	Auto Speed 🖵									
4	Down	Auto Speed 🖵									
5	Down	Auto Speed 🖵									
6	Down	Auto Speed 🚽									
7	Down	Auto Speed 🖵									
8	Down	Auto Speed 🖵									

Port Configuration

2.1.3 Port-based VLAN

Port-based VLAN is a kind of VLAN which is a group of ports marked as a kind by group ID, different VLAN (different ID) can't communicate to each other. Before the setting, user must be aware of that there is a default Port-based VLAN, his group ID is 1, so, if user wants to set another new port-based VLAN, better set another group ID rather than 1. After press "Apply " button, the screen will show a new port-based VLAN if he add a new group or screen will delete a port-based VLAN if he delete a group. The important thing is that port-based VLAN is valid only within same device, it will never be valid cross the devices. A default diagram is shown below.

Port-based VLAN (User Group) Configuration

Po	Port-based VLAN Group (User Group) Table									
No. Group ID		Member Port								
	creap ib	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	1									



Choose and click the ports you want to group, for example, choose port 1, port 2 and set their group ID 2, then press "Apply", after execution, diagram will shown below

Port-based VLAN (User Group) Configuration

Po	Port-based VLAN Group (User Group) Table									
No	Group ID	Member Port								
	Group ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	1	•								
2	2									

Add/Edit a VLAN (User) Group											
Group ID		Member Port									
Group ID	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			
2 -	•										

Refre<u>s</u>h D

Delete Apply

2.1.4 Tag-based VLAN

Tag-based VLAN is another kind of VLAN which is a group of ports marked as same kind by assigning a tag-value on each port, same as port-based VLAN, different VLAN (different ID) can't communicate to each other, and before the setting, there is a default tag-based VLAN, which ID is 1 (VLAN ID=1), so, if he wants to set another new tag-based VLAN, better set another VLAN ID rather than 1 (tag-base VALN ID ranged from 1 ~ 4094). After press "Apply "button, the screen will show a new tag-based VLAN if user add a new VALN, or, a tag-VLAN will be vanished if user delete a VLAN. Two important things must be emphasized here, one is that tag-based VLAN members are valid not only within same device, but also cross the devices as long as they are with same VLAN ID; the other important thing is user must keep in mind that the management-port (CPU port)VLAN ID should be the same as some member VLAN ID if user want to management through that port, or, management communication will be failed because different VLAN (different ID) can't communicate to each other.

A default diagram is shown below.

Tag-based (802.1q) VLAN Configuration											
Tag-based (802.1q) VLAN Group Table											
Select	No	VLAN ID		Member Port							
Select	140.		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
	1	1			◄		☑		☑		



After assign a tag VLAN, there are further attributes parameter can be assigned for some

advanced tag-VLAN application, here below are explanation when entering the "Port Config ", they are:

1. VLAN Aware mode:

Enable - Strip VLAN tag from received frame, and insert VLAN tag in transmitted frame except ingress frames which tag VID = PVID

- Disable default state, this means, switch doesn't do VLAN tag stripping and insertion.
- 2. Ingress filtering:
 - Enable Check ingress frame VLAN ID. Ingress frame will be dropped if frame's VID is not the same as the VID of the ingress port which belongs to a member of a VLAN group
 - Disable Don't do ingress VLAN frame checking, the frame will be flood if VID is not the same
- 3. Accept Packet Type:

ALL - Accept all ingress frames Tagged only - Only accept ingress frames with VLAN tag

4. Port VID:

Set port VLAN ID for untagged ingress frames. Set "None" for trunk port member.

Port	VLAN aware Enabled	Ingress Filtering Enabled		Acc Pac	Port VID	
1			0	AII C	Tagged Only	1 -
2			Ø	All C	Tagged Only	1 -
3			Ø	All C	Tagged Only	1 -
4			Ø	aii C	Tagged Only	1 -
5			o	aii 🖸	Tagged Only	1 -
6			o	aii C	Tagged Only	1 -
7			Ø	AII	Tagged Only	1

Tag VLAN Per Port Configuration

8			o	All	Tagged Only	1	_
		Apply	Car	ncel			

2.1.5 Port Trunking

A default diagram is shown below, and up to 4 groups are provided

Port Trunking (Aggregation) Configuration										
Group\Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		
Normal	٥	Ο	0	٥	٥	Ø	Ο	Ø		
Group 1								C		
Group 2								C		
Group 3								C		
Group 4								C		

Choose and click the trunk ports you want to group, for example, choose port 1, po

Apply

Choose and click the trunk ports you want to group, for example, choose port 1, port 2 into group 1, then press "Apply", after execution, diagram will shown below

Refre<u>s</u>h

Group\Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Normal		C		C	C	C	C	Ø
Group 1	C	C		C	C	C	C	C
Group 2		C					C	
Group 3		C		C	C	C		
Group 4		C				C	C	

Port Trunking (Aggregation) Configuration



2.1.6 Port Mirroring

A default diagram is shown below,

Mirror Port	1 -
Port	Mirror Source
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

F n

Apply	Refre <u>s</u> h
-------	------------------

Choose and click the ports you want to monitor, for example, choose port 2 To be monitored, then press "Apply", after execution, diagram will shown below

Mirror Port	1 💌
Port	Mirror Source
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

Port Mirroring Configuration

2.1.7 Quality of Service

A default diagram is shown below,

Defau	ult Class	Table			QoS N	/lode	80	2.1p	*			
Port	Default (Class			Priorit	ize Traffic	Cu	stom		*		
1	high	*										
2	high	*		1		User P	rio	rity Ta	ble			
3	high	*		Port	1	2 3		4 5	6	7	7 8	
4	high	~		Priority	0 💌 0	✓ 0 ✓	0	~ 0	• 0 •	0	✓ 0 ✓	
5	high	~		8	02.1p F	Priority -	Cla	ass Ma	ppina	Tab	ole	
6	high	~	Priority	Class	Priority	Class		Priority	Clas	ss	Priority	Class
7	high	~	0	normal 💌	1	low	*	2	low	*	3	normal
•	high	~		and the M	-	and the second		c	himh	144	7	lai mb

Quality of Service (QoS) Configuration

Choose the priority level for the port you want to set; then same priority will get the same priority service.

2.1.8 Storm Control

A default diagram is shown below,

Storm Control				
Number of frames per second				
Broadcast Rate	No Limit 🖵			
Multicast Rate	No Limit 🖵			
Flooded Unicast Rate	No Limit 🚽			

Storm Control Configuration

Apply	Refre <u>s</u> h
-------	------------------

Choose and click type of storm you want to control, for example, choose Broadcast storm with 3,964 frames per second as upper limit, once the Broadcast frame rate higher than 3,964 frame per second, this port will be disabled. Press "Apply", after execution, diagram will be shown below

Storm Control Configuration				
Storm Control				
Number of fram	nes per second			
Broadcast Rate	3964 🖵			
Multicast Rate	No Limit 🖵			
Flooded Unicast Rate	No Limit 👻			

otorini oona or ooningaraalon

Apply	Refre <u>s</u> h

2.1.9 LACP

Different from the static port trunking, LACP provides another way to dynamically aggregate port to a group (trunk) according to IEEE 802.3ad. A default diagram is shown below,

Port	Protocol Enabled	Key Value
1		auto
2		auto
3		auto
4		auto
5		auto
6		auto
7		auto
8		auto

LACP Port Configuration

Apply Refresh

Two parameters need to be set per port basis in this webpage:

Protocol Enabled – to enable/disable LACP protocol for a port.
 Key Value – a number (1~255) to identify the LACP group for a port. All member ports in a LACP group have the same key values. Key number will be automatically generated if "auto" value is set

Choose and click the trunk ports you want to group. For example, select port 7 and port 8 to group into a LACP group with key value 20 for both ports, then press "Apply" to activate the setting. The following figure is the result:

LACP Port Configuration

Port	Protocol Enabled	Key Value
1		auto
2		auto
3		auto
4		auto
5		auto
6		auto
7		20
8		20

Apply Refresh

2.1.10 RSTP

The Spanning-Tree Protocol (STP) is IEEE 802.1d standardized method for avoiding loops in switched networks. Enable STP to ensure that only one path at a time is active between any two nodes on the network.

The Rapid-Spanning-Tree-Protocol (RSTP) is a more advanced protocol than STP according to IEEE 802.1w standard. RSTP can shorten spanning tree convergent time while network topology is changed. A default diagram is shown below,

RSTP Co	nfiguration
System Co	onfiguration
System Priority	32768 -
Hello Time	2
Max Age	20
Forward Delay	15
Force version	Normal

	Port Configuration							
Port	Protocol Enabled	Edge	Path Cost					
Aggregations								
1			auto					
2			auto					
3			auto					
4			auto					
5			auto					
6			auto					
7		V	auto					
8			auto					

Apply Refre<u>s</u>h

Use the following parameters in the webpage to configure RSTP function:

System Configuration

- System Priority A value to identify the root bridge. The bridge with lowest value has the highest priority and is selected as the root. 16 numbers are provided in this field from 0 to 61140 in increments of 4096.
- Hello Time -- the number of seconds among the transmission of Spanning-Tree Protocol configuration messages. Enter a number 1 through 10. (default is 2)
- Max Age the number of second bridge waits without receiving Spanning-Tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a number 6 through 40. (default is 20)
- Forward Delay -- the number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a number 4 through 30. (default is 15)
- **Force Version** <u>normal</u>: use RSTP; <u>compatible</u>: compatible with old STP protocol

Port Configuration

- > Aggregations Enable/disable the RSTP protocol on aggregation links
- > **Protocol Enabled** Enable/disable the RSTP protocol per port basis
- Edge Enable/disable to expect a port to be an edge port (an end station) or a link to another STP device
- Path Cost A value on a port that switch uses to determine which port are the forwarding ports. The lowest number is forwarding ports. The value can be set from 1 to 200000000 or "auto" to be automatically generated.

2.1.11 IGMP

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IGMP can manage the multicast traffic if the members (switches, router or other network devices) of group support IGMP. This switch provides IGMP snooping feature to detect IGMP queries, report packets and manage the IP multicast traffic through the switch. This feature can limit the forwarding of multicast frames to only ports that are a member of multicast group. Only **IPv4** IGMP frames are recognized for this system.

IGMP Configuration

IGMP Enal	oled									
Router Po	rts		1 🗆	2 🗆	3 🗆	4 🗆	5 🗹	6 🗹	7 🗆	8 🗆
Unregister	ed IPMC Flo	oding enabled								
	VLAN ID	IGMP Snoopir	ng Enab	led	IGMP	Query	ing En	abled		
	1									
Apply Refresh									_	

The following parameters are provided for configuring IGMP snooping for this system:

- **IGMP Enabled** to globally enable/disable IGMP snooping function
- **Router Ports** to specify administrative router ports for IGMP frames
- Unregistered IPMC Flooding Enabled to set forwarding option for unregistered (not joined) IP multicast traffic. Enabled: to flood frames; Disable: to forward frames to router ports only

Two options can be set for each existing VLAN group:

- **IGMP Snooping Enabled** to enable/disable snooping IGMP frames
- **IGMP Querying Enabled** to enable/disable sending IGMP querying frames

The example webpage show in above shows the configuration of IGMP function which has IGMP enabled, uses port 5 and 6 as router ports to forward the IGMP frames, forwards unregistered IPMC frames to router ports (port 5 and 6), and enables snooping IGMP and sending querying frames for the VLAN group which VID = 1.

2.1.12 802.1x

A default diagram is shown below, user must contact the manager of RADIUS server, and then get IP, UDP port number and secret to operate 802.1X.

Mode	Disabled	•
RADIUS IP	0.0.0.0	
RADIUS UDP Port	1812	
RADIUS Secret		

|--|

Port	Admin Mode	Port State		Action	
1	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
2	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
3	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
4	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
5	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
6	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
7	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
8	Force Authorized	802.1X Disabled	Re-authenticate	Force Reinitialize	Statistics
			Re-authenticate All	Force Reinitialize All	

Apply Refresh

2.1.13 PoE status and command operation

Some status definition described below before you read or execute the command,

Non-PD, this means there is an ethernet device but not PD device is loaded
No Load: there is not any PD device being loaded to that port, but non-PD may be
Loaded: a PD device is being loaded, class level and allocated power is shown
PD Error: over current event (exceed 350 ma) happened, and port is disabled automatically
Dedicated class, display the class level of current loaded PD device
Allocated power, maximum allocated power to that port, but not current power

Port	PSE Power	Detected Class	Allocated Power	PoE Status
1	Enable -	3	15 W	Loaded
2	Enable -	N/A	0 W	No Load
3	Disable -	3	0 W	PD Error
4	Enable 🖵	N/A	0 W	No Load
5	Enable 🚽	N/A	0 W	No Load
6	Enable 🚽	N/A	0 W	No Load
7	Enable 🖵	N/A	0 W	No Load
8	Enable -	N/A	0 W	Non-PD

PoE Port Configuration

System Max. Supplied Power (A)	120 Watt
Total Allocated Power (B)	15 Watt
Power Balance (C = A - B)	105 Watt

Apply Refresh

IEEE 802.3af Class - Power Table						
IEEE 802.3af Class	0	1	2	3	4	
PSE Output Power	15W	4W	7W	15W	Reserved	

2.2 Monitoring

2.2.1. Port Statistics

Choose and click command manual, after execution, diagram will shown below, user can clear counter or refresh as will

Port	Tx Bytes	Tx Frames	Rx Bytes	Rx Frames	Tx Errors	Rx Errors
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	4837	7	1122	9	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0

Statistics Overview for all ports

Clear Refresh

25

2.2.2 Detailed Port Statistic

Choose and click command manual, more detailed count will be displayed like below, user can analyze frame per frame size, byte and error types.

Statistics for Port 2



Receive Total		Transmit Total				
Rx Packets	152	Tx Packets	32			
Rx Octets	12525	Tx Octets	19735			
Rx High Priority Packets	-	Tx High Priority Packets	-			
Rx Low Priority Packets	-	Tx Low Priority Packets	-			
Rx Broadcast	-	Tx Broadcast	-			
Rx Multicast	-	Tx Multicast	-			
Rx Broad- and Multicast	112	Tx Broad- and Multicast	0			
Rx Error Packets	0	Tx Error Packets	0			
Receive Size Counters		Transmit Size Counters				
Rx 64 Bytes	-	Tx 64 Bytes	-			
Rx 65-127 Bytes	-	Tx 65-127 Bytes	-			
Rx 128-255 Bytes	-	Tx 128-255 Bytes	-			
Rx 256-511 Bytes	-	Tx 256-511 Bytes	-			
Rx 512-1023 Bytes	-	Tx 512-1023 Bytes	-			
Rx 1024- Bytes	-	Tx 1024- Bytes	-			
Receive Err	or Counters	Transmit Er	ror Counters			
Rx CRC/Alignment	-	Tx Collisions	-			
Rx Undersize	-	Tx Drops	-			
Rx Oversize	-	Tx Overflow	-			
Rx Fragments	-					
Rx Jabber	-					
Rx Drops	-					

2.2.3 LACP Status

Choose and click command manual, after execution, diagram will shown like below, user can refresh as will

LACP Status								
LACP Aggregation Overview								
Group/Port	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
State								

	Legend				
	Down	Port link down			
0	Blocked	Port Blocked by RSTP. Number is Partner port number if other switch has LACP enabled			
0	Learning	Port Learning by RSTP			
	Forwarding	Port link up and forwarding frames			
0	Forwarding	Port link up and forwarding by RSTP. Number is Partner port number if other switch has LACP enabled			

Refre<u>s</u>h

LACP Port Status				
Port	Protocol Active	Partner Port Number	Operational Port Key	
1	no			
2	no			
3	no			
4	no			
5	no			
6	no			
7	no			
8	no			

2.2.4 RSTP Status

Choose and click command manual, after execution, diagram will shown like below, user can refresh as will

RSTP Status

RSTP VLAN Bridge Overview						
VLAN Id	Bridge Id	Hello Time	Max Age	Fwd Delay	Topology	Root Id
1	32769:00-01-c1-00-00-02	2	20	15	Steady	This switch is Root!

Refre<u>s</u>h

RSTP Port Status						
Port/Group	Vlan Id	Path Cost	Edge Port	P2p Port	Protocol	Port State
Port 1						Non-STP
Port 2						Non-STP
Port 3						Non-STP
Port 4						Non-STP
Port 5						Non-STP
Port 6						Non-STP
Port 7						Non-STP
Port 8						Non-STP

2.2.5 IGMP Status

Choose and click command manual, after execution, diagram will shown like below, user can refresh as will

IGMP Status

VLAN ID	Querier	Queries transmitted	Queries received	v1 Reports	v2 Reports	v3 Reports	v2 Leaves
1	Idle	0	0	0	0	0	0

Refre<u>s</u>h

2.2.5 Ping

A default diagram is shown below,

Ping Fi	unction
Ping par	ameters
Target IP address	
Count	1 -
Time Out (in secs)	1 -

Apply

Ping Results		
Target IP address	0.0.0.0	
Status	Test complete	
Received replies	0	
Request timeouts	0	
Average Response Time (in ms)	0	



Fill up the IP address you want to ping, set Time Out time and Counts, for example, IP = 192.168.223.254, count = 5, time pout = 5 sec, then press "Apply", then press "Refresh" after execution, diagram will shown below

Ping Results		
Target IP address	192.168.223.254	
Status	Test complete	
Received replies	0	
Request timeouts	5	
Average Response Time (in ms)	0	

Refre<u>s</u>h

2.3 Maintenance

2.3.1 Warm Reboot

Choose and click command manual, diagram will shown like below, user can press Yes or No



2.3.3 Firmware Update

Choose and click command manual, diagram will be shown, and then direct the location of the file that to be updated, then press " upload ", if success, it will be shown below

Software successfully loaded



2.3.4 Config File

Choose and click command manual, diagram will be shown, and then direct the location of the file that to be backup, give a name, then press "Backup "

Configuration File Backup/Restore

Configuration File Backup

Backup

Choose and click command manual, diagram will be shown, and then direct the location of the file that to be restored, then press "Restore "It will show transfer completed if it success.

Configuration File Restore

Re<u>s</u>tore

3.0 Terminal Mode management

Terminal mode is easy to operate, it is useful when in-band ethernet communication is malfunction, or user wants to do some parameter setting, for example, before in-band management through Ethernet works, user would be able to modify IP address, subnet mask, ...etc, through the terminal mode.

No password is needed in terminal mode operation, but before it starts, user must set up the terminal parameters, such as Hyper Terminal in Microsoft Window,

Select COM #: COM 1, COM 2, ...then, Set Baud rate to: 115,200, per second Set Attribute to 8, None, 1, None (8 bit, No parity, 1 stop bit, No protocol in hardware) Password: admin

Once terminal is connected, the basic operation rule are shown below

Press "? " to find root operation page, then choose command by typing little alphabets The screen will show as below

>?

Commands at top level:			
System	- System commands		
Console	- Console commands		
Port	- Port commands		
MAC	- MAC commands		
VLAN	- 802.1q (Tag-based) VLAN commands		
Aggr	- Aggregation commands		
LACP	- IEEE 802.3ad Link Aggregation commands		
RSTP	- IEEE 802.1w Rapid Spanning Tree commands		
User Group	- User Group (Port-based VLAN) commands		
QoS	- QoS commands		
Mirror	- Mirror commands		
IP	- IP commands		
Dot1x	- Dot1x commands		
IGMP	- IGMP Snooping commands		
Debug	- Debug commands		

>

After enter command page, Press "? " to find command parameters and format, for

example

>system System>

System>? Commands at System level: System Configuration [all] System Restore Default [keep IP] System Name [<name>] System Reboot System Reboot System Xmodem System SNMP [enable|disable] System Trap [<IP Address>] System Read community [<community string>] System Write community [<community string>]

further more, type " command " to get more information, such as type "configuration"

System>configuration System Configuration: Name: S/W Version: 1.1 CVS Tag: sw_8051_2_29e Compile Date: Dec 18 2006 12:26:43 H/W Version: 1.0

> MAC address: 00-0a-17-02-10-06 SNMP: enabled Trap IP: 0.0.0.0 Read community: public Write community: private Trap community: public

Type " up " or " / " go back to previous page

All others command are operated likewise.

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